

Welcome to 10 Minute Topics

This week's topic is: Nevi'im

The Nevi'im (נביאים) (Prophets) is the second section of the Tanach and covers the time period from the death of Moshe Rabbenu through the Babylonian exile (ca.1200BCE-587BCE) and contains 19 books. The Nevi'im covers the time from the Hebrews entering Eretz Yisrael, conquest of Jericho, conquest of Eretz Yisrael and division among the tribes, judicial system, Era of Saul and David, Solomon's wisdom and the construction of the First Temple, kings of Eretz Yisrael, prophecy, messianic prophecies, and the Babylonian exile.

Secular Name	Hebrew Name	Meaning	Author
Joshua	Yehoshua	G-d is Salvation	Joshua; Phineas (last verses)
Judges	Shoftim	Judges	Samuel
Samuel I and II	Shmuel I and II	His Name is G-d	Samuel, Gad, Nathan
Kings I and II	Melachim I and II	Kings	Jeremiah
Isaiah	Yeshayahu	G-d is Salvation	School of King Hezekiah
Jeremiah	Yirmiyahu	G-d will Uplift	Jeremiah, Men of the Great Assembly
Ezekiel	Yechezkiel	G-d will Strengthen	Men of the Great Assembly
Hosea	Hoshea	Salvation	Men of the Great Assembly
Joel	Yoel	G-d is Willing	Men of the Great Assembly
Amos	Amos	To be Burdened/Troubled	Men of the Great Assembly
Obadiah	Ovadiah	Servant of G-d	Men of the Great Assembly
Jonah	Yonah	Dove	Men of the Great Assembly
Micah	Michah	Who is Like G-d	Men of the Great Assembly
Nahum	Nachum	Comfort	Men of the Great Assembly
Habakkuk	Chavakuk	To Wrestle	Men of the Great Assembly
Zephaniah	Tzefaniah	Hidden by G-d	Men of the Great Assembly
Haggai	Chaggai	Festive	Men of the Great Assembly
Zechariah	Zechariah	Memory	Men of the Great Assembly
Malachi	Malachi	My Servant	Men of the Great Assembly

The Book of Joshua (Yehoshua) was written by Joshua with the last few verses written by Phineas. This book relates the accounts of Joshua leading the Children of Israel across the River Jordan into Eretz Yisrael after the death of Moses. Joshua's wars and the land that he conquered are told in this book. The division of the land among the tribes and Joshua's death end the book.

The Book of Judges (Shoftim) was written by Samuel. The book begins with the continuing conquest of Canaan. The remainder of the book deals with the era of the judges which includes the cycle of idolatry, chastisement of the Children of Israel by G-d, and the eventual redemption of the Children of Israel.

The Book of Samuel (Shmuel) was written by Samuel with some passages written by Gad and Nathan. The book begins with Hannah's bareness and her prayer for a child and the gift of her pregnancy and the birth of Samuel. The book contains the story of the Philistine capture of the Aron HaChodesh and its eventual return. Samuel acts as a judge in this book and his anointment of Saul as king. The remainder of the book deals with the life and death of Saul and the life, kingship, and conquests of David.

The Book of Kings (Melachim) was written by Jeremiah. The book begins with the last days of David and the rise of Solomon to kingship. The book goes on to describe the splitting of the kingdom into two separate kingdoms and the rulers of those kingdoms. The stories of Elijah and Elisha's prophetic journeys make up the middle part of the book. The rest of the book retells the stories of the kings of the two kingdoms and the eventual conquering of Jerusalem, destruction of the Temple, and the exile of the Children of Israel.

The Book of Isaiah (Yeshayahu) was written by the School of King Hezekiah. The book begins with the call of Isaiah to become a prophet to a rebellious people and the attack by Assyria. The remainder of the book deals with prophecies regarding the End Times when the Nations will be destroyed and the Children of Israel will no longer be exiled.

The Book of Jeremiah (Yirmiyahu) was written by Jeremiah and the Men of the Great Assembly. The book begins with Jeremiah's call to prophecy. The remainder of the book tells of his prophecies as regard to the End Times, idolatry, and the Babylonian exile.

The Book of Ezekiel (Yechezkiel) was written by the Men of the Great Assembly. The book begins with Ezekiel's vision and his prophetic mission. The remainder of the book retells his prophecies regarding the End Times.

The Book of Hosea (Hoshea) was written by the Men of the Great Assembly. The book consists of the prophecies regarding idolatry and the plea for the repentance of Ephraim.

The Book of Joel (Yoel) was written by the Men of the Great Assembly. The book of Joel includes the prophecies of warnings to the Children of Israel as well as the ultimate peace and redemption during the End Times.

The Book of Amos (Amos) was written by the Men of the Great Assembly. This book deals with the prophecies and warnings about sin as well as the bountiful future time.

The Book of Obadiah (Ovadiyah) was written by the Men of the Great Assembly. The book includes the prophecy against Edom and the ultimate return from the exile of the Children of Israel.

The Book of Jonah (Yonah) was written by the Men of the Great Assembly. This book deals with the story and prophecy of Jonah

The Book of Micah (Michah) was written by the Men of the Great Assembly. Michah tells of the prophecies regarding sin and corruption as well as the ultimate redemption at the End Times.

The Book of Nahum (Nachum) was written by the Men of the Great Assembly. The book includes the story of G-d's vengeance toward Nineveh.

The Book of Habakkuk (Chavakuk) was written by the Men of the Great Assembly. This book deals with the invasion by Nebuchadnezzar and Habakkuk's plea with G-d to save the Children of Israel.

The Book of Zephaniah (Tzefaniah) was written by the Men of the Great Assembly. This book calls for the repentance of everyone and the ultimate salvation of the Children of Israel.

The Book of Haggai (Chaggai) was written by the Men of the Great Assembly. Haggai includes the story of the rebuilding of the Temple as afforded to the Children of Israel by the Persian king Cyrus.

The Book of Zechariah (Zechariah) was written by the Men of the Great Assembly. This book tells of Zechariah's messianic visions.

The Book of Malachi (Malachi) was written by the Men of the Great Assembly. The book of Malachi tells of the disobedience of the Children of Israel and their ultimate redemption.